## kca exercises -

# **Emotion coaching: identifying styles of responses**

For each scenario decide which of the four response styles: Laissez faire (LF), Dismissing (DM), Disapproving (DP), or Emotion coaching (EC) best describes this response. A response may fit more than one style.

#### Scenario 1 - Child or young person angry over not being able to go to swimming

	LF	DM	DP	EC
a. Get cross with the child for the bad behaviour				
b. Tell the child they will have to miss the next swimming session due				
to the bad behaviour				
c. Help the child to think about what they can do about the problem				
d. Tell the child not to make a big deal out of missing swimming				
e. Validate the child's expression of anger and frustration				
f. Soothe the child and suggest an alternative fun activity				

## Scenario 2 - Upset child or young person who has not done homework and reacts with tears

	LF	DM	DP	EC
a. Reprimand the child for being careless and tell them to stop crying as this won't help the problem				
b. Tell child it's not a big deal, that they are over-reacting as they can do it another day				
c. Talk with the child about what happened and what can be done about it				
d. Ignore the crying and tell them they can do it another day				
e. Tell the child it's all right to cry and reassure them				
f. Tell the child that this behaviour is not acceptable and they will need to do extra homework				

#### Scenario 3 - Anxious, tearful child afraid of an injection

	LF	DM	DP	EC
a. Comfort the child and reassure them				
b. Encourage the child to talk about their fears				
c. Tell the child that you know how they feel – you're terrified of injections				
d. Ignore the crying and tell them its no big deal and will be over quickly				
e. Distract the child by promising them a special reward if they are brave				
f. Tell the child that being scared is silly and that they are holding up the				
queue				



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# Scenario 4 - Child involved in a project group activity makes a mistake and stops participating

	LF	DM	DP	EC
a. Get cross with the child for not concentrating properly and tell them to get on with the work				
b. Make light of the mistake and let them try again				
c. Take the child aside and talk about how they are feeling				
d. Ignore the child and focus on other people in the group				
e. Tell the child it doesn't matter and they don't have to do the activity				
f. Talk to the child about what they can do next time they make a mistake				

#### Scenario 5 - Child or young person taking part in a play who freezes and won't perform

	LF	DM	DP	EC
a. Tell the child it's normal to feel nervous				
b. Tell the child they will let the whole group down if they don't perform				
c. Take the child aside and talk about how they are feeling				
d. Tell the child how much fun they will have once they are doing it				
e. Talk to the child about things they can do to feel less nervous				
f. Soothe the child and try and make them feel better				

